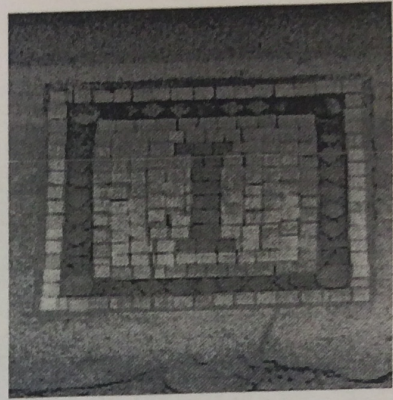
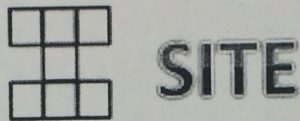


Mrs. Clark's notes

1.2 I Rule!

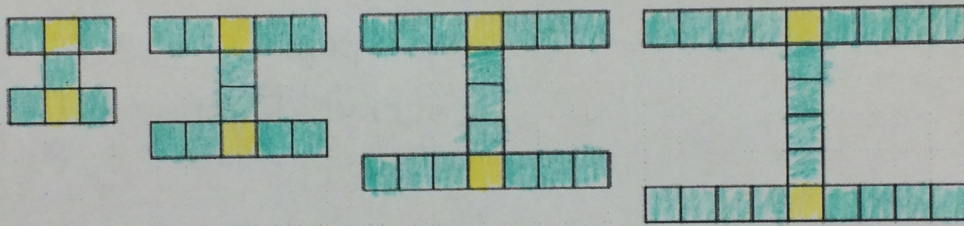
A Solidify Understanding Task

Marco has started a new blog about sports at Imagination High School (mascot: the fighting unicorns) that he has decided to call "I Site". He created a logo for the web site that looks like this:



© 2013 www.flickr.com/photos/nwr/317006137 7

He is working on creating the logo in various sizes to be placed on different pages on the website. Marco developed the following designs:



Size 1

7

Size 2

12

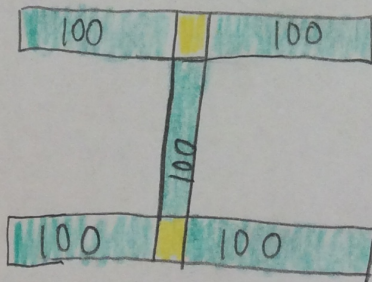
Size 3

17

Size 4

22

1. How many squares will be needed to create the size 100 logo?



$$100 + 100 + 100 + 100 + 100 + 1 + 1 = 502$$

or

$$500 + 2 = 502$$

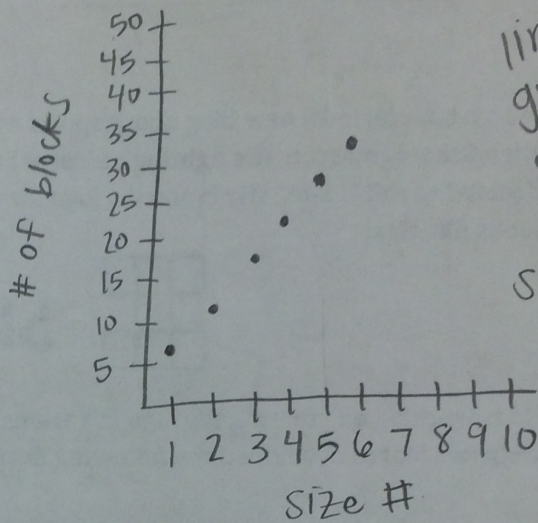
2. Develop a mathematical model for the number of squares in the logo for size n .

size #	# of blocks
1	7
2	12
3	17
4	22
5	27
6	32

rate of change = 5

first difference

linear function



linear graph = straight line

slope = 5

The graph is discrete. Meaning, we wouldn't connect the dots because we don't have size 1.5, etc.

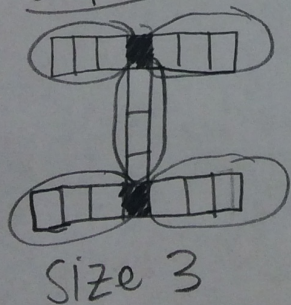
Recursive formula

$$f(x) = f(x-1) + 5$$

$f(x)$: # of blocks in size n
 $f(x-1)$: # of blocks in size $n-1$
 $+ 5$: rate of change/slope

Both equations are linear.

Explicit formula

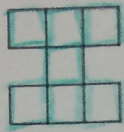


5 groups of 3 plus 2 more

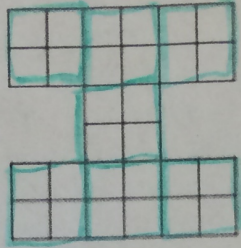
$$f(x) = 5x + 2$$

$f(x)$: # of blocks in figure x
 $5x$: slope
 $+ 2$: Figure #

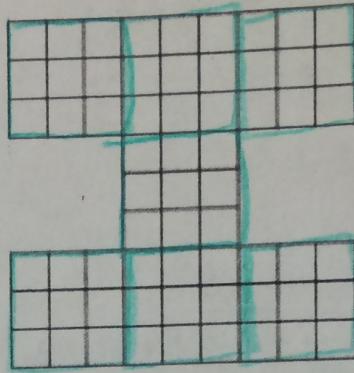
Marco decides to experiment with making his logo "blockier" so that it looks stronger.
Here's what he came up with:



Size 1



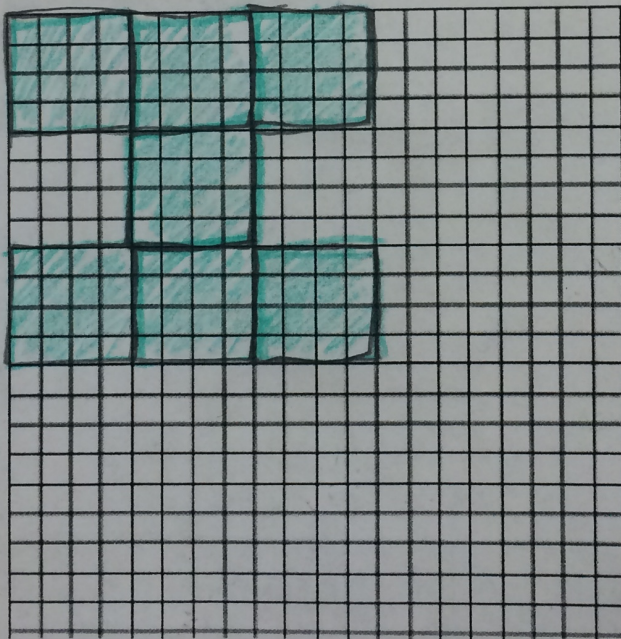
Size 2



Size 3

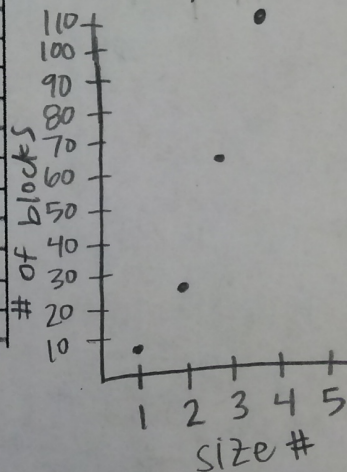
3. Assuming that Marco continues with the pattern as it has begun, draw the next figure, size 4, and find the number of blocks in the figure.

112 blocks



Size #	# of blocks
1	7 > 21 > 14
2	28 > 35 > 14
3	63 > 49 > 14
4	112

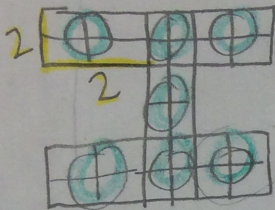
quadratic function



Discrete graph.
We don't have size 1.5 or size 2.1 etc.

4. Develop a mathematical model for the number of blocks in a logo of size n .

Explicit equation



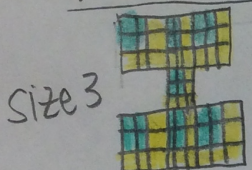
7 groups
of $4 = 2^2$

$$f(x) = 7 \cdot x^2$$

of blocks in size x size

Size 2

Recursive equation



blue = blocks from size 2

yellow = blocks added

$$f(x) = f(x-1) + 7(2x-1)$$

$$= f(x-1) + 14x - 7$$

size # linear part

5. Compare the models that you developed for the first set of logos to the second set of logos. In what ways are they similar? In what ways are they different?

Similarities

- both "I" shape
- both same size 1 figure

Differences

- "blockier" I's
- one is a linear function one is quadratic
- the 1st set of figures adds the same # of blocks each time the second doesn't

	linear	quadratic
rate of change	constant	linear
graph	straight line	parabola U
table	1st difference is constant	2nd difference is constant
equation	$f(x) = mx + b$	$f(x) = _x^2 + _$